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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

| 1 | 1. An oligomeric para-phenylene compound having the formula: | | | | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | R^1 -(Ar 1) _n - R^2 | | | | | | |
| 3 | wherein | | | | | | |
| 4 | the subscript n is an integer of from 5 to 15; | | | | | | |
| 5 | the superscript i is an integer of from 1 to n and denotes the position downstream from | | | | | | |
| 6 | R^1 ; | | | | | | |
| 7 | each Ar is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group; | | | | | | |
| 8 | R ¹ and R ² are each substituents that increase the solubility of the para-phenylene | | | | | | |
| 9 | compound in nonpolar organic solvents relative to the solubility of the | | | | | | |
| 10 | corresponding compound wherein R1 and R2 are hydrogen; | | | | | | |
| 11 | with the proviso that the Ar1 groups are linked together in a 1,4-paraphenylene | | | | | | |
| 12 | manner. | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2. A compound of claim 1, wherein n is an integer of from 5 to 9. | | | | | | |
| 1 | 3. A compound of claim 1, wherein said Ar ⁱ groups are independently | | | | | | |
| 2 | selected from unsubstituted phenylene and phenylene having from 1 to 4 fluoro substituents. | | | | | | |
| 1 | 4. A compound of claim 1, wherein said Ar¹ groups are independently | | | | | | |
| 2 | selected from unsubstituted phenylene, phenylene having from 1 to 4 fluoro substituents; and | | | | | | |
| 3 | substituted or unsubstituted fused polycyclic aryl with the proviso that any fused polycyclic | | | | | | |
| 4 | aryl groups are linked in the compound in a manner that maintains a coplanar orientation | | | | | | |
| 5 | relative to the adjacent Ar ¹ groups. | | | | | | |
| 1 | 5. A compound of claim 4, wherein said fused polycyclic aryl groups are | | | | | | |
| 2 | selected from the group consisting of 2,6-naphthylene, 2,7-phenanthrylene, 2,6-anthrylene, | | | | | | |
| 3 | and 2,6-carbazolylidene. | | | | | | |
| | $1.01 \cdot 1.1 \cdot 1.1$ | | | | | | |
| 1 | 6. A compound of claim 1, wherein the subscript n is 7 and Ar ³ and Ar ⁵ | | | | | | |
| 2 | are substituted or unsubstituted 2,6-naphthylene. | | | | | | |
| 1 | 7. A compound of claim 1, wherein the subscript n is 7 and Ar ⁴ bears two | | | | | | |
| 2 | substituted or unsubstituted phenyl ring substituents other than the remaining Ar ¹ groups. | | | | | | |

1 8. A compound of claim 1, wherein R^1 and R^2 are each independently 2 substituents having the formula: $R^3-(Ar^i)_{m^2}$

4 wherein

the subscript m is an integer of from 1 to 5; each Ar^j is selected from the group consisting of

a) a 1,4-phenylene group having the formula:

wherein each R^4 is a member independently selected from the group consisting of H, substituted or unsubstituted (C_1 - C_{12})alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C_1 - C_{12})alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted (C_1 - C_{12})alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted di(C_1 - C_{12})alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted arylamino, substituted or unsubstituted diarylamino and halogen, with the proviso that at least two of the four R^4 substituents are independently selected from substituted or unsubstituted (C_1 - C_{12})alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted (C_1 - C_{12})alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted (C_1 - C_{12})alkoxy, and

b) an aryl biradical selected from the group consisting of 1,4-naphthylene, 1,4-anthrylene, 9,10-anthrylene, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphth-1,4-ylene, 9,9',10,10'-tetra(C_1 - C_{12})alkyl-9,10-dihydroanthr-1,4-ylene, 9,9',10,10'-tetra(C_1 - C_{12})alkyl-9,10-dihydroanthr-2,6-ylene, 9,9',10,10'-tetraaryl-9,10-dihydroanthr-1,4-ylene; and

R³ is selected from the group consisting of H, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkylamino, substituted di(C₁-C₁₂)alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted diarylamino and halogen.

9. A compound of claim 8, wherein m is an integer of from 1 to 3.

10. A polymer of the formula:

 $R^{11} \hbox{--} (Q^i)_p \hbox{--} R^{12}$ $3 \qquad \text{wherein}$

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each R¹¹ and R¹² is independently selected from the group consisting of H, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted di(C₁-C₁₂)alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted arylamino, substituted or unsubstituted diarylamino and halogen;

the subscript p is an integer of from 5 to 200;

the superscript i is an integer of from 1 to p and indicates the position downstream from R^1 of each Q;

each Qi is a benzoquinone or hydroquinone subunit selected from the formulae:

wherein

- each X is independently selected from the group consisting of H, substituted or unsubstituted (C_1 - C_{12})alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C_1 - C_{12})alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted (C_1 - C_{12})alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted di(C_1 - C_{12})alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted arylamino, substituted or unsubstituted diarylamino and halogen.
- 11. A polymer of claim 10, wherein said hydroquinone and benzoquinone subunits are present in about a 50:50 ratio.
- 12. A polymer of claim 10, wherein said hydroquinone and benzoquinone subunits alternate in said polymer so that no two hydroquinone subunits are adjacent and no two benzoquinone subunits are adjacent.
- 1 13. A polymer of claim 10, wherein two adjacent hydroquinone subunits 2 alternate with one benzoquinone subunit.

A polymer of claim 10, wherein two adjacent benzoquinone subunits 1 14. 2 alternate with one hydroquinone subunit. 1 15. A block copolymer having the formula: R^{21} - $(O^{j})_{k}$ - R^{22} 2 3 wherein each R²¹ and R²² is independently selected from the group consisting of H, 4 substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-5 6 C₁₂)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkylamino, substituted or 7 unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkylthio, substituted or unsubstituted di(C₁-8 C_{12})alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted arylamino, substituted or 9 unsubstituted diarylamino and halogen; the subscript k is an integer of from 2 to 20; the superscript j is an integer of from 1 to k and indicates the position downstream from R²¹ of each O; each Q¹ is a para-phenylene block subunit or a solubility-enhancing subunit, said subunits selected from the formulae: $-(Ar^1)_n$ and $-(Ar^1)_m$ wherein the subscript n is an integer of from 5 to 15; the subscript m is an integer of from 1 to 5: 19 each Ar¹ is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group linked in a manner that maintains a coplanar orientation relative to adjacent Ar¹ groups; 20 each Ar^J is selected from the group consisting of 21 22 a) a 1,4-phenylene group having the formula: 23 wherein each R²³ is a member independently selected from the group consisting of 24 25 H, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-26 C₁₂)alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkylamino, substituted or

unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkylthio, substituted or unsubstituted di(C₁-

C₁₂)alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted arylamino, substituted or

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29 unsubstituted diarylamino and halogen, with the proviso that at least two of the four R²³ substituents are independently selected from substituted or 30 31 unsubstituted (C_1-C_{12}) alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted (C_1-C_{12}) alkoxy, 32 and 33 b) an aryl biradical selected from the group consisting of 1,4-naphthylene, 1,4-34 anthrylene, 9,10-anthrylene, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphth-1,4-ylene, 35 9,9',10,10'-tetra(C₁-C₁₂)alkyl-9,10-dihydroanthr-1,4-ylene, 9,9'10,10'tetraaryl-9,10-dihydroanthr-1,4-ylene, 9,9'10,10'-tetra(C₁-C₁₂)alkyl-9,10-36 dihydroanthr-2,6-ylene, 9,9'10,10'-tetraaryl-9,10-dihydroanthr-1,4-ylene. 37 A block copolymer of claim 15, wherein Q¹, Q³ and Q⁵ are block para-1 16. phenylene subunits and Q², Q⁴ and Q⁶ are solubility enhancing subunits. 2 A block copolymer of claim 15, wherein Q^1 , Q^3 , Q^5 and Q^7 are 1 **17**. solubility enhancing subunits and Q², Q⁴ and Q⁶ are block para-phenylene subunits. 2 18. A block copolymer of claim 15, wherein each Ar' is selected from the 1 2 group consisting of unsubstituted 1,4-phenylene and fluoro-substituted 1,4-phenylene. 1 19. A branched polymeric aromatic compound having the formula: $R-(Ar^{i})_{n}$ $(Ar^{i})_{n}-R$ $R-(Ar^{i})_{n}-R$ 2 3 wherein 4 each R is a member selected from the group consisting of substituted or unsubstituted 5 (C_1-C_{12}) alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C_1-C_{12}) alkoxy, phenyl and 6 halogen; 7 the subscript n is an integer of from 3 to 8; 8 Ar is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group and i is an integer denoting its position away from the central tetrasubstituted phenyl ring, and each Ari can be the 9 same or different from Ar¹ at any other position; 10 with the provisos that the Arⁱ groups are linked together in a 1,4-paraphenylene 11

A branched polymeric aromatic compound of claim 19, wherein the subscript n is 3; each Ar¹ and each Ar³ is 1,4-phenylene; and each Ar² is a substituted or 2 unsubstituted 1,4-phenylene. 3 1 21. A method of preparing a polymeric OLED material on a solid support, 2 said method comprising: 3 (a) contacting a solid support-bound aryl diazonium salt with 3,6-4 dichloroquinone under conditions sufficient to form a solid support-bound aryl quinone 5 derivative; and 6 (b) contacting said solid support-bound aryl quinone derivative with a 7 diazonium compound having the formula: The prince during seasy seasy seasy seasy seasy seasy season and s wherein each X1 is a blocking group and the subscript n is an integer of from 0 to 4; under conditions sufficient to form an intermediate poly OLED material; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) from 2 to 70 times; and (d) terminating the polymeric OLED material by contacting the product of step (c) with a terminating diazonium compound having the formula: 14 15 wherein each X² is a blocking group, 16

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m is an integer of from 0 to 3.

20.

R is a member selected from the group consisting of H, substituted or unsubstituted

unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-

(C₁-C₁₂)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkoxy, substituted or

unsubstituted arylamino and substituted or unsubstituted diarylamino; and

C₁₂)alkylthio, substituted or unsubstituted di(C₁-C₁₂)alkylamino, substituted or

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- 1 **22**. A method in accordance with claim 21, wherein an intermediate poly
- 2 OLED material is produced having the formula:

4 wherein

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- 5 L is a linking group;
- 6 the shaded sphere is a solid support; and
 - X1 is a member selected from the group consisting of halogen, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy, substituted or unsubstituted alkylamino, substituted or unsubstituted alkylthio, and substituted or unsubstituted dialkylamino.
 - 23. A method in accordance with claim 21, wherein said solid support is selected from the group consisting of glass, tin oxide, indium oxide, and mixtures thereof.
 - 24. A solid support-bound poly OLED material formed by the method of claim 21.
 - 25. A polyfurano ladder oligomer having the formula:

- 3 wherein
- 4 the subscript z is an integer of from 2 to 7;
- each of R³¹, R³², R³³, R³⁴, R³⁵, R³⁶ is independently selected from the group consisting 5 6 of H, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C12)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted 7 (C_1-C_{12}) alkoxy and halogen.
- A polyfurano ladder oligomer of claim 25, wherein R³² and R³⁵ are 1 **26**.
- 2 each H.

| 1 | 27 . | A polyfurano ladder | oligomer of clair | n 25, wherein | nz is an integer o |)f |
|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|----|
| 2 | from 2 to 4; and R ³² a | ınd R ³⁵ are each H. | | | | |

- 28. A method of forming a light emitting polymer, said method comprising exposing an oligomeric para-phenylene compound of claim 1 having attached acrylate ester groups to sufficient ultraviolet light to form a light emitting polymer comprising a plurality of said oligomeric para-phenylene compound covalently attached to each other via ester and ether linkages.
- 29. A method of forming a light emitting polymer, said method comprising exposing a polyfurano ladder oligomer of claim 25 having attached acrylate ester groups to sufficient ultraviolet light to form a light emitting polymer comprising a plurality of said polyfurano ladder oligomers covalently attached to each other via ester and ether linkages